



Series 4100

Bi-Directional Compact ModBus Power and Energy Meter

Product Overview

The VerifEye™ Series 4100 Bidirectional ModBus Meters feature bidirectional monitoring specifically designed for renewable energy applications. The Series 4100 meters are revenue-grade (ANSI C12.20 Class 0.2%) kWh electrical meters.

The Series 4100 meters are available in standalone DIN rail mount or NEMA 4X enclosure. The 3-phase, advanced communication meters are compatible with solid core, split core or flexible rope-style Rogowski current transformers.

Product Identification

Series 4DUMR

Bi-Directional, ModBus Meter

Series 41OUM

Bi-Directional, ModBus in an Outdoor NEMA 4X enclosure

Specifications

MEASUREMENT ACCURACY	
Real Power and Energy	IEC 62053-22 Class 0.2S, ANSIC12.20 0.2%
Reactive Power and Energy	IEC 62053-23 Class 2, 2%
Current	0.2% (+0.005% per °C deviation from 25°C) from 1% to 5% of range; 0.1% (+0.005% per °C deviation from 25°C) from 5% to 100% of range
Voltage	0.1% (+0.005% per °C deviation from 25°C) from 90 VAC _{L-N} to 600 VAC _{L-L}
Sample Rate	2520 samples per second; no blind time
Data Update Rate	1 sec.
Type of Measurement	True RMS; one to three phase AC system
INPUT VOLTAGE CHARACTERISTICS	
Measured AC Voltage	Minimum 90 V _{L-N} (156 V _{L-L}) for stated accuracy; UL Maximums: 600 V _{L-L} (347 V _{L-N}); CE Maximum: 300 V _{L-N}
Metering Over-Range	+20%
Impedance	2.5 MΩ _{L-N} / 5 MΩ _{L-L}
Frequency Range	45 to 65 Hz
INPUT CURRENT CHARACTERISTICS	
CT Scaling	Primary: Adjustable from 5 A to 32,000 A
Measurement Input Range	0 to 0.333 VAC or 0 to 1.0 VAC (+20% over-range), rated for use with Class 1 voltage inputs
Impedance	10.6 kΩ (1/3 V mode) or 32.1 kΩ (1 V mode)



⚡ ⚠ DANGER

HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION, OR ARC FLASH

- Follow safe electrical work practices. See NFPA 70E in the USA, or applicable local codes.
- This equipment must only be installed and serviced by qualified electrical personnel.
- Read, understand and follow the instructions before installing this product.
- Turn off all power supplying equipment before working on or inside the equipment.
- Any covers that may be displaced during the installation must be reinstalled before powering the unit.
- Use a properly rated voltage sensing device to confirm power is off. DO NOT DEPEND ON THIS PRODUCT FOR VOLTAGE INDICATION

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

A qualified person is one who has skills and knowledge related to the construction and operation of this electrical equipment and the installation, and has received safety training to recognize and avoid the hazards involved. NEC2009 Article 100

No responsibility is assumed by Leviton for any consequences arising out of the use of this material.

Control system design must consider the potential failure modes of control paths and, for certain critical control functions, provide a means to achieve a safe state during and after a path failure. Examples of critical control functions are emergency stop and over-travel stop.

⚠ WARNING

LOSS OF CONTROL

Assure that the system will reach a safe state during and after a control path failure. Separate or redundant control paths must be provided for critical control functions. Test the effect of transmission delays or failures of communication links.¹ Each implementation of equipment using communication links must be individually and thoroughly tested for proper operation before placing it in service. Failure to follow these instructions may cause injury, death or equipment damage.

¹For additional information about anticipated transmission delays or failures of the link, refer to NEMA ICS 1.1 (latest edition), *Safety Guidelines for the Application, Installation, and Maintenance of Solid-State Control* or its equivalent in your specific country, language, and/or location.

NOTICE

- This product is not intended for life or safety applications.
- Do not install this product in hazardous or classified locations.
- The installer is responsible for conformance to all applicable codes.
- Mount this product inside a suitable fire and electrical enclosure.

FCC PART 15 INFORMATION

NOTE: This equipment has been tested by the manufacturer and found to comply with the limits for a class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a residential environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Modifications to this product without the express authorization of the manufacturer nullify this statement.

For use in a Pollution Degree 2 or better environment only. A Pollution Degree 2 environment must control conductive pollution and the possibility of condensation or high humidity. Consider the enclosure, the correct use of ventilation, thermal properties of the equipment, and the relationship with the environment. Installation category: CAT II or CAT III. Provide a disconnect device to disconnect the meter from the supply source. Place this device in close proximity to the equipment and within easy reach of the operator, and mark it as the disconnecting device. The disconnecting device shall meet the relevant requirements of IEC 60947-1 and IEC 60947-3 and shall be suitable for the application. In the US and Canada, disconnecting fuse holders can be used. Provide overcurrent protection and disconnecting device for supply conductors with approved current limiting devices suitable for protecting the wiring. If the equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the device may be impaired.

Specifications (cont.)

CONTROL POWER	
AC	5 VA max.; 90V min.; UL Maximums: 600 V _{LL} (347 V _{LN}); CE Maximum: 300 V _{LN}
DC*	3 W max.; UL and CE: 125 to 300 VDC
Ride Through Time	100 msec at 120 VAC
OUTPUT	
Alarm Contacts	N.C., static output (30VAC/DC, 100mA max. @ 25°C, derate 0.56mA per °C above 25°C)
Real Energy Pulse Contacts	N.O., static output (30 VAC/DC, 100 mA max. @ 25°C, derate 0.56 mA per °C above 25°C)
RS-485 Port	2-wire, 1200 to 38400 baud, Modbus RTU
MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS	
Weight	0.62 lb (0.28 kg)
IP Degree of Protection (IEC 60529)	IP40 front display; IP20 Meter
Display Characteristics	Back-lit blue LCD
Terminal Block Screw Torque	0.37 to 0.44 ft-lb (0.5 to 0.6 N·m)
Terminal Block Wire Size	24 to 14 AWG (0.2 to 2.1 mm ²)
Rail	T35 (35mm) DIN Rail per EN50022
OPERATING CONDITIONS	
Operating Temperature Range	-30° to 70°C (-22° to 158°F)
Storage Temperature Range	-40° to 85°C (-40° to 185°F)
Humidity Range	<95% RH noncondensing
Altitude of Operation	3000 m
COMPLIANCE INFORMATION	
US and Canada	CAT III, Pollution degree 2; for distribution systems up to 347V _{LN} /600VAC _{LL}
CE	CAT III, Pollution degree 2; for distribution systems up to 300V _{LN}
Dielectric Withstand	Per UL 508, EN61010
Conducted and Radiated Emissions	FCC part 15 Class B, EN55011/EN61000 Class B (residential and light industrial)
Conducted and Radiated Immunity	EN61000 Class A (heavy industrial)
US and Canada (cULus)	UL508 (open type device)/CSA 22.2 No. 14-05
Europe (CE)	EN61010-1

* External DC current limiting is required, see fuse recommendations.

This meter implements the draft SunSpec 1.0 common elements starting at base 1 address 40001, and the proposed SunSpec 1.1 meter model at 40070 (these addresses are not in Modicon notation).



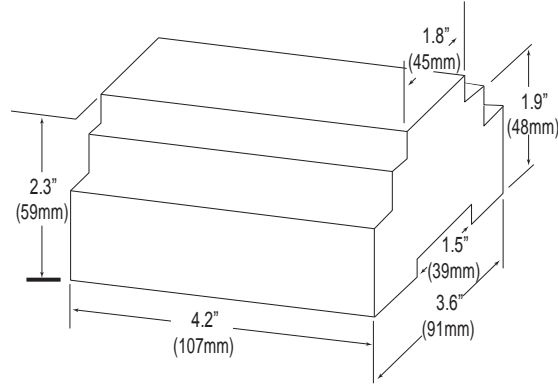
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Interoperability
Specification
Compliance

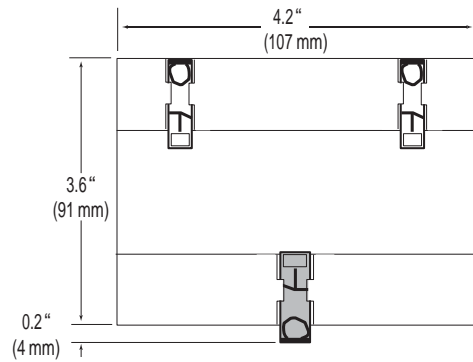
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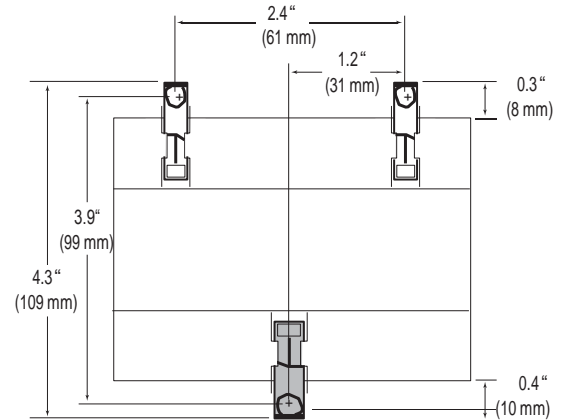
Dimensions



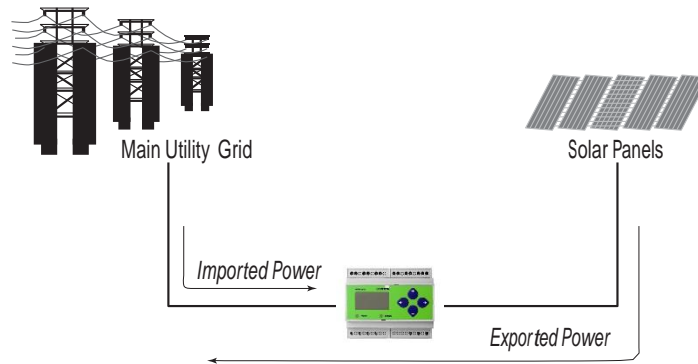
Bottom View (DIN Mount Option)



Bottom View (Screw Mount Option)



Application Example



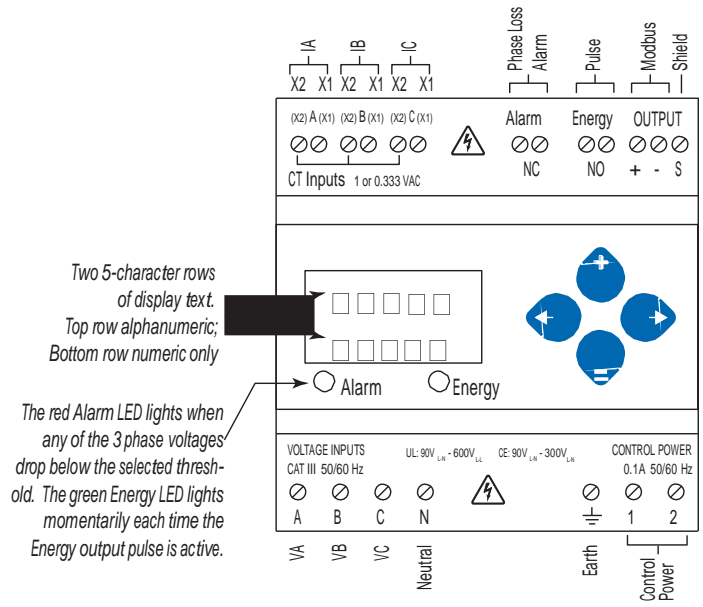
Data Outputs

Signed Power: Real, Reactive, and Apparent 3-phase total and per phase
 Real and Apparent Energy Accumulators: Import, Export, and Net; 3-phase total and per phase
 Reactive Energy Accumulators by Quadrant: 3-phase totals and per phase
 Configurable for CT & PT ratios, system type, and passwords
 Diagnostic alerts
 Current: 3-phase average and per phase
 Volts: 3-phase average and per phase Line-Line and Line-Neutral
 Power Factor: 3-phase average and per phase
 Frequency
 Power Demand: Most Recent and Peak (Import and Export)
 Demand Configuration: Fixed, Rolling Block, and External Sync (Modbus only)

Data Logging

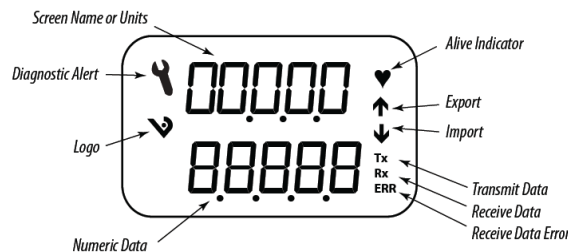
Real Time Clock: user configurable
 10 user configurable log buffers: each buffer holds 5760 16-bit entries
 (User configures which 10 data points are stored in these buffers)
 User configurable logging interval
 (When configured for a 15 minute interval, each buffer holds 60 days of data)
 Continuous and Single Shot logging modes: user selectable
 Auto write pause: read logs without disabling the meter's data logging mode

Product Diagram

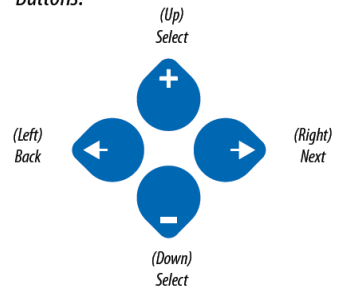


Display Screen Diagram




LCD Screen:



Buttons:



Installation

-  **Disconnect power prior to installation.**
-  **Reinstall any covers that are displaced during the installation before powering the unit.**
-  **Mount the meter in an appropriate electrical enclosure near equipment to be monitored.**

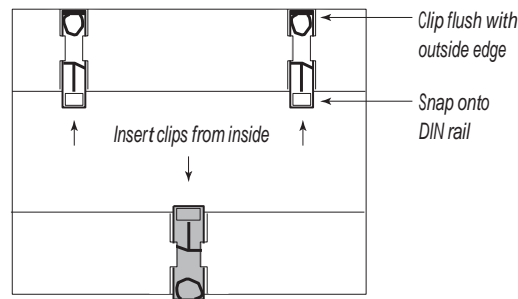
Do not install on the load side of a Variable Frequency Drive (VFD), aka Variable Speed Drive (VSD) or Adjustable Frequency Drive (AFD).

Observe correct CT orientation.

The meter can be mounted in two ways: on standard 35 mm DIN rail or screw-mounted to the interior surface of the enclosure.

A. DIN Rail Mounting

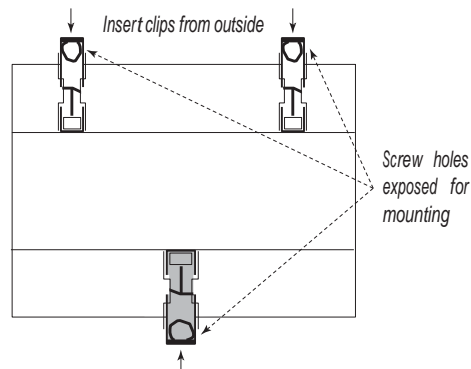
1. Attach the mounting clips to the underside of the housing by sliding them into the slots from the inside. The stopping pegs must face the housing, and the outside edge of the clip must be flush with the outside edge of the housing.
2. Snap the clips onto the DIN rail. See the diagram of the underside of the housing (below).



3. To reduce horizontal shifting across the DIN rail, use two end stop clips.

B. Screw Mounting

1. Attach the mounting clips to the underside of the housing by sliding them into the slots from the outside. The stopping pegs must face the housing, and the screw hole must be exposed on the outside of the housing.
2. Use three #8 screws (not supplied) to mount the meter to the inside of the enclosure. See the diagram of the underside of the housing (below).



Supported System Types

The meter has a number of different possible system wiring configurations (see Wiring Diagrams section). To configure the meter, set the System Type via the User Interface or Modbus register 130 (if so equipped). The System Type tells the meter which of its current and voltage inputs are valid, which are to be ignored, and if neutral is connected. Setting the correct System Type prevents unwanted energy accumulation on unused inputs, selects the formula to calculate the Theoretical Maximum System Power, and determines which phase loss algorithm is to be used. The phase loss algorithm is configured as a percent of the Line-to-Line System Voltage (except when in System Type 10) and also calculates the expected Line to Neutral voltages for system types that have Neutral (12 & 40).

Values that are not valid in a particular System Type will display as “----” on the User Interface or as QNAN in the Modbus registers.

Number of wires	CTs		Voltage Connections			System Type		Phase Loss Measurements			Wiring Diagram
	Qty	ID	Qty	ID	Type	Modbus Register 130	User Interface: SETUP>S SYS	VLL	VLN	Balance	Diagram number
Single-Phase Wiring											
2	1	A	2	A, N	L-N	10	1L + 1n		AN		1
2	1	A	2	A, B	L-L	11	2L	AB			2
3	2	A, B	3	A, B, N	L-L with N	12	2L + 1n	AB	AN, BN	AN-BN	3
Three-Phase Wiring											
3	3	A, B, C	3	A, B, C	Delta	31	3L	AB, BC, CA		AB-BC-CA	4
4	3	A, B, C	4	A, B, C, N	Grounded Wye	40	3L + 1n	AB, BC, CA	AN, BN, CN	AN-BN-CN & AB-BC-CA	5, 6

Wiring Symbols

To avoid distortion, use parallel wires for control power and voltage inputs.

The following symbols are used in the wiring diagrams on the following pages.

Symbol	Description
	Voltage Disconnect Switch
	Fuse (installer is responsible for ensuring compliance with local requirements. No fuses are included with the meter.)
	Earth ground
	Current Transducer
	Potential Transformer
	Protection containing a voltage disconnect switch with a fuse or disconnect circuit breaker. The protection device must be rated for the available short-circuit current at the connection point.

CAUTION

RISK OF EQUIPMENT DAMAGE

- This product is designed only for use with 1V or 0.33V current transducers (CTs).
- DO NOT USE CURRENT OUTPUT (e.g. 5A) CTs ON THIS PRODUCT.
- Failure to follow these instructions can result in overheating and permanent equipment damage.

Wiring

⚠ **WARNING** ⚡

RISK OF ELECTRIC SHOCK OR PERMANENT EQUIPMENT DAMAGE

CT negative terminals are referenced to the meter's neutral and may be at elevated voltages

- Do not contact meter terminals while the unit is connected
- Do not connect or short other circuits to the CT terminals

Failure to follow these instructions may cause injury, death or equipment damage.

Observe correct CT orientation.

Diagram 1: 1-Phase Line-to-Neutral 2-Wire

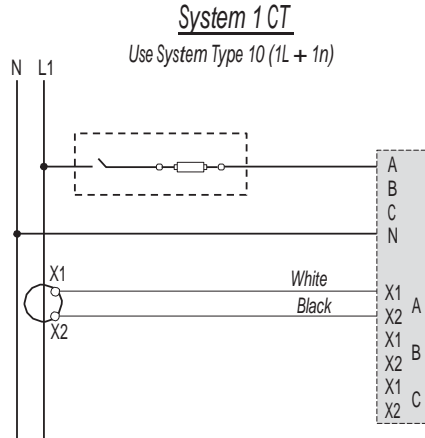


Diagram 2: 1-Phase Line-to-Line 2-Wire

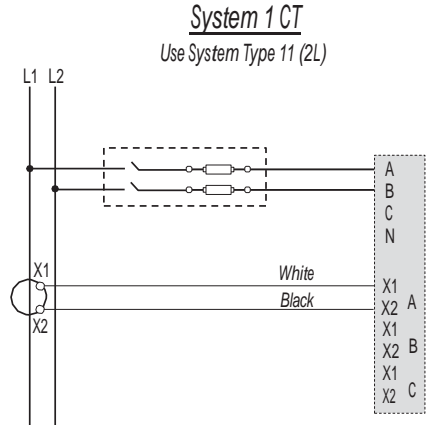


Diagram 3: 1-Phase Direct Voltage Connection 2 CT

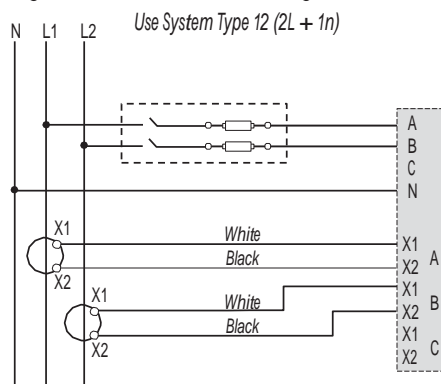


Diagram 4: 3-Phase 3-Wire 3 CT no PT

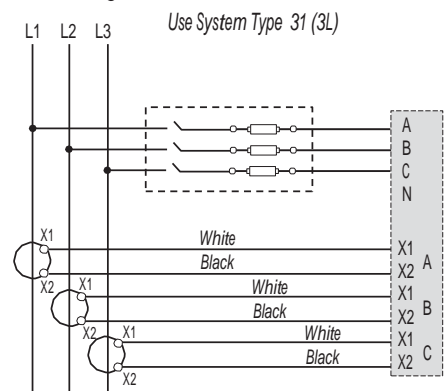


Diagram 5: 3-Phase 4-Wire Wye Direct Voltage Input

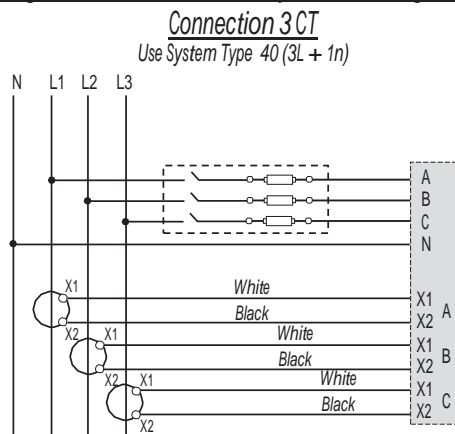
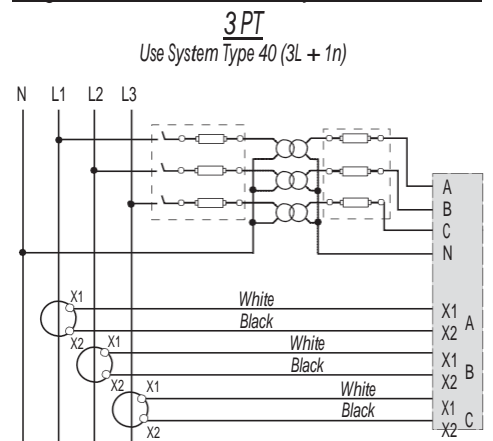
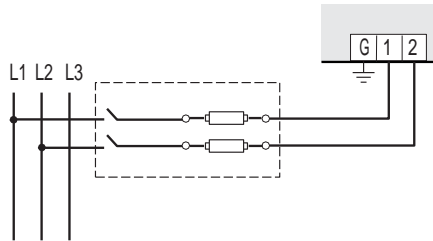


Diagram 6: 3-Phase 4-Wire Wye Connection 3 CT



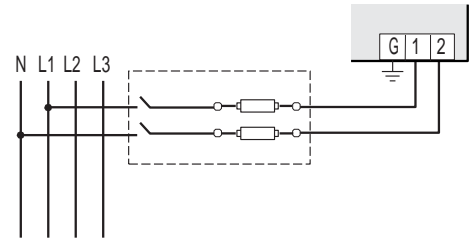
Control Power

Direct Connect Control Power (Line to Line)



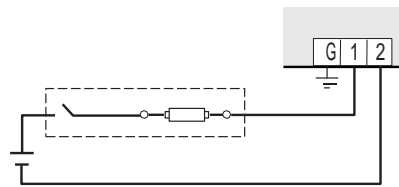
Line to Line from 90 VAC to 600 VAC (UL). In UL installations the lines may be floating (such as a delta). If any lines are tied to an earth (such as a corner grounded delta), see the Line to Neutral installation limits. In CE compliant installations, the lines must be neutral (earth) referenced at less than 300 VAC_{L-N}

Direct Connect Control Power (Line to Neutral)



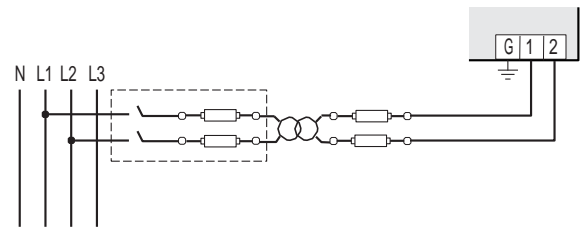
Line to Neutral from 90 VAC to 347 VAC (UL) or 300 VAC (CE)

Direct Connect Control Power (DC Control Power)



*DC Control Power from 125 VDC to 300 VDC
(UL and CE max.)*

Control Power Transformer (CPT) Connection



The Control Power Transformer may be wired L-N or L-L. Output to meet meter input requirements

Fuse Recommendations














































Keep the fuses close to the power source (obey local and national code requirements).

For selecting fuses and circuit breakers, use the following criteria:

- Select current interrupt capacity based on the installation category and fault current capability.
- Select over-current protection with a time delay.
- Select a voltage rating sufficient for the input voltage applied.
- Provide overcurrent protection and disconnecting means to protect the wiring. For AC installations, use Leviton CTV00-FK3, or equivalent. For DC installations, provide external circuit protection. Suggested: 0.5 A, time delay fuses.
- The earth connection (G) is required for electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) and is not a protective earth ground.

Quick Setup Instructions

These instructions assume the meter is set to factory defaults. If it has been previously configured, check all optional values.

1. Press the  or  button repeatedly until SETUP screen appears.
2.  to the PASWD screen.
3.  through the digits. Use the  or  buttons to select the password (the default is 00000). Exit the screen to the right.
4. Use the  or  buttons to select the parameter to configure.
5. If the unit has an RS-485 interface, the first Setup screen is S COM (set communications).
 - a.  to the ADDR screen and through the address digits. Use the  or  buttons to select the Modbus address.
 - b.  to the BAUD screen. Use the  or  buttons to select the baud rate.
 - c.  to the PAR screen. Use the  or  buttons to select the parity.
 - d.  back to the S COM screen.
6.  to the S CT (Set Current Transducer) screen. If this unit does not have an RS-485 port, this will be the first screen.
 - a.  to the CT V screen. Use the  or  buttons to select the voltage mode Current Transducer output voltage.
 - b.  to the CT SZ screen and through the digits. Use the  or  buttons to select the CT size in amps.
 - c.  back to the S CT screen.
7.  to the S SYS (Set System) screen.
 - a.  to the SYSTM screen. Use the  or  buttons to select the System Type (see wiring diagrams).
 - b.  back to the S SYS screen.
8. (Optional)  to the S PT (Set Potential Transformer) screen. If PTs are not used, then skip this step.
 - a.  to the RATIO screen and through the digits. Use the  or  buttons to select the Potential Transformer step down ratio.
 - b.  back to the S PT screen.
9.  to the S V (Set System Voltage) screen.
 - a.  to the VLL (or VLN if system is 1L-1n) screen and through the digits. Use the  or  buttons to select the Line to Line System Voltage.
 - b.  back to the S V screen.
10. Use the  to exit the setup screen and then SETUP.
11. Check that the wrench is not displayed on the LCD.
 - a. If the wrench is displayed, use the  or  buttons to find the ALERT screen.
 - b.  through the screens to see which alert is on.

For the full setup instructions, see the configuration instructions on the following pages.

Solid-State Pulse Output

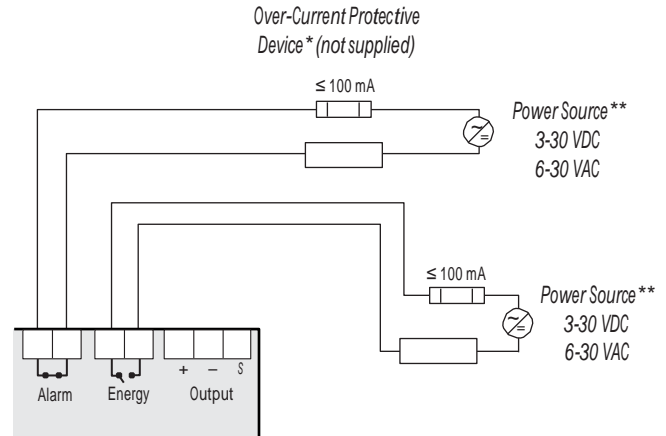
The meter has one normally open (N.O.) KZ Form A output and one normally closed (N.C.) KY solid-state output. One is dedicated to import energy (Wh), and the other to Alarm.

The relay used for the Phase Loss contact is N.C., with closure indicating the presence of an alarm; either loss of phase if the meter is powered, or loss of power if the meter is not. The contacts are open when the meter is powered and no phase loss alarm conditions are present.

The solid state pulse outputs are rated for 30 VAC/DC nom.

Maximum load current is 100 mA at 25°C. Derate 0.56 mA per °C above 25°C.

See the Setup section for configuration information.



* The over-current protective device must be rated for the short circuit current at the connection point.

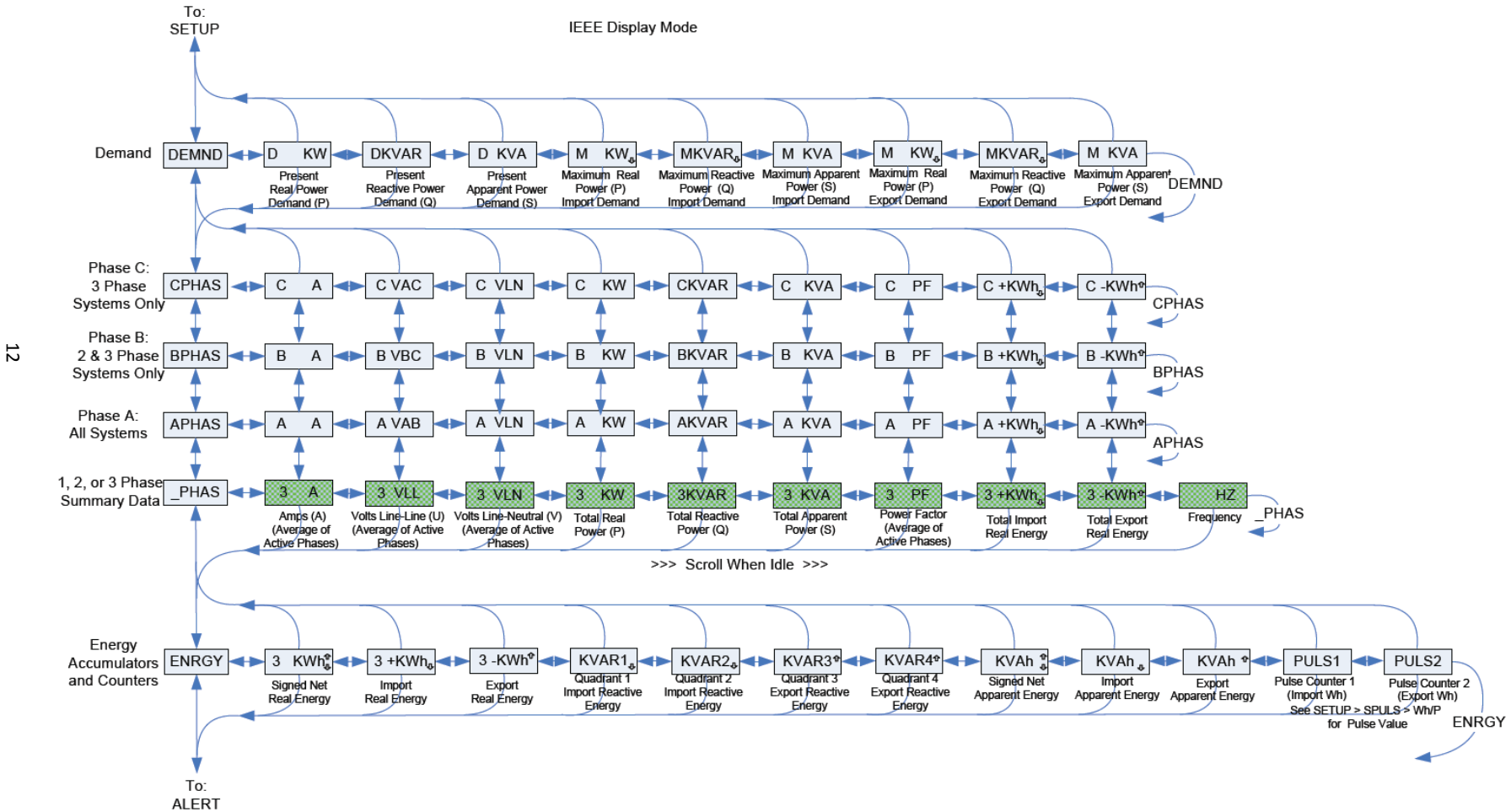
** All pulse outputs and communication circuits are only intended to be connected to non-hazardous circuits (SELV or Class 2). Do not connect to hazardous voltages.

The user can set the display mode to either IEC or IEEE notation in the SETUP menu.

User Interface (UI) Menu Abbreviations Defined

Main Menu		
IEC	IEEE	Description
D	D	Demand
MAX	M	Maximum Demand
P	W	Present Real Power
Q	VAR	Present Reactive Power
S	VA	Present Apparent Power
A	A	Amps
UAB, UBC, UAC	VAB, VBC, VAC	Voltage Line to Line
V	VLN	Voltage Line to Neutral
PF	PF	Power Factor
U	VLL	Voltage Line to Line
HZ	HZ	Frequency
KSh	KVAh	Accumulated Apparent Energy
KQh	KVARh	Accumulated Reactive Energy
KPh	KWh	Accumulated Real Energy
PLOSS	PLOSS	Phase Loss
LOWPF	LOWPF	Low Power Factor Error
FERR	FERR	Frequency Error
I OVR	I OVR	Over Current
V OVR	V OVR	Over Voltage

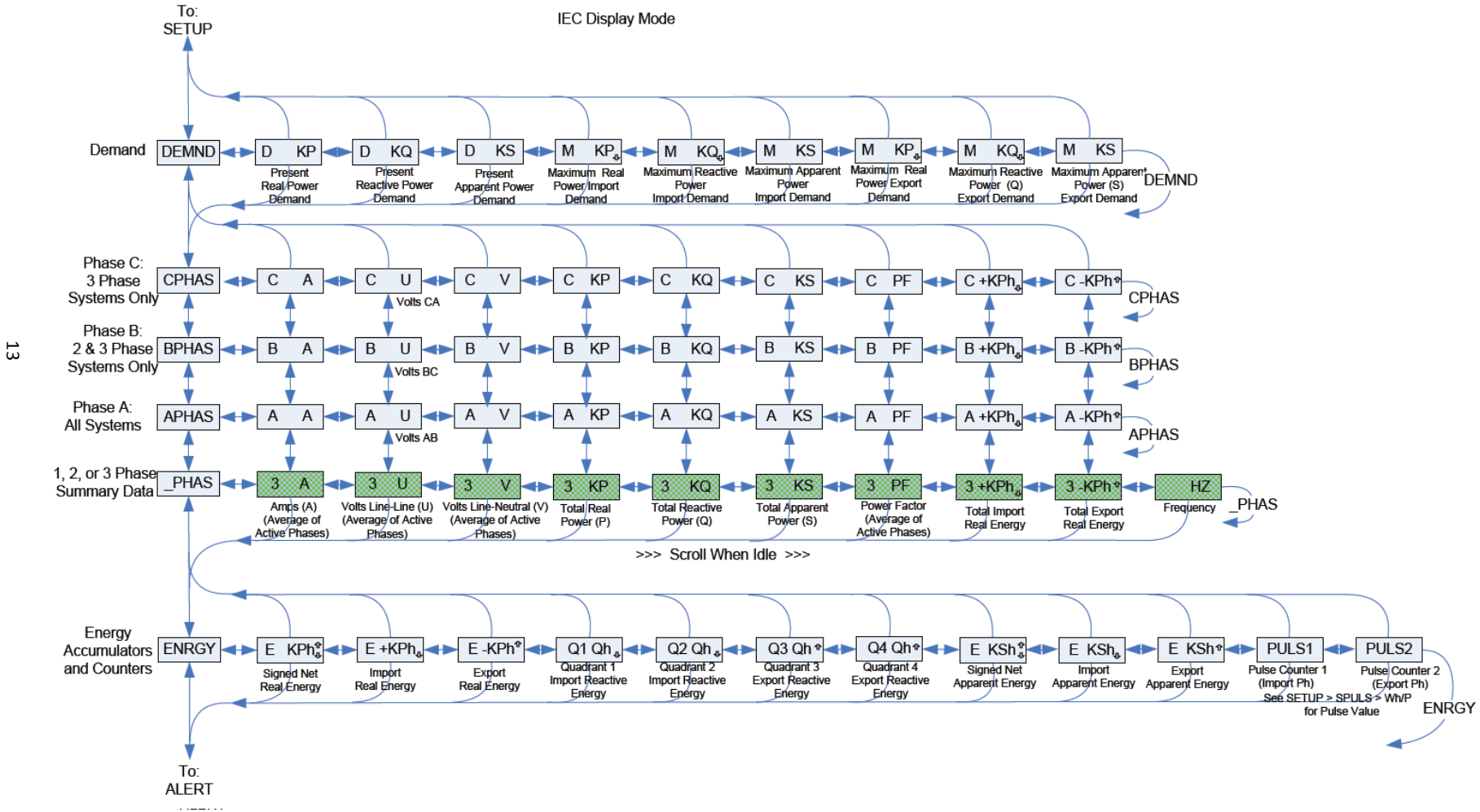
Main Menu		
IEC	IEEE	Description
PULSE	PULSE	kWh Pulse Output Overrun (configuration error)
_PHASE	_PHASE	Summary Data for 1, 2, or 3 active phases
ALERT	ALERT	Diagnostic Alert Status
INFO	INFO	Unit Information
MODEL	MODEL	Model Number
OS	OS	Operating System
RS	RS	Reset System
SN	SN	Serial Number
RESET	RESET	Reset Data
PASWD	PASWD	Enter Reset or Setup Password
ENERG	ENERG	Reset Energy Accumulators
DEMND	DEMND	Reset Demand Maximums
↑		Import
↓		Export
PULS_	PULS_	Pulse Counter (if equipped)
Q_	Q_	Quadrant 1-4 per IEEE 1459
n	n	Net



12

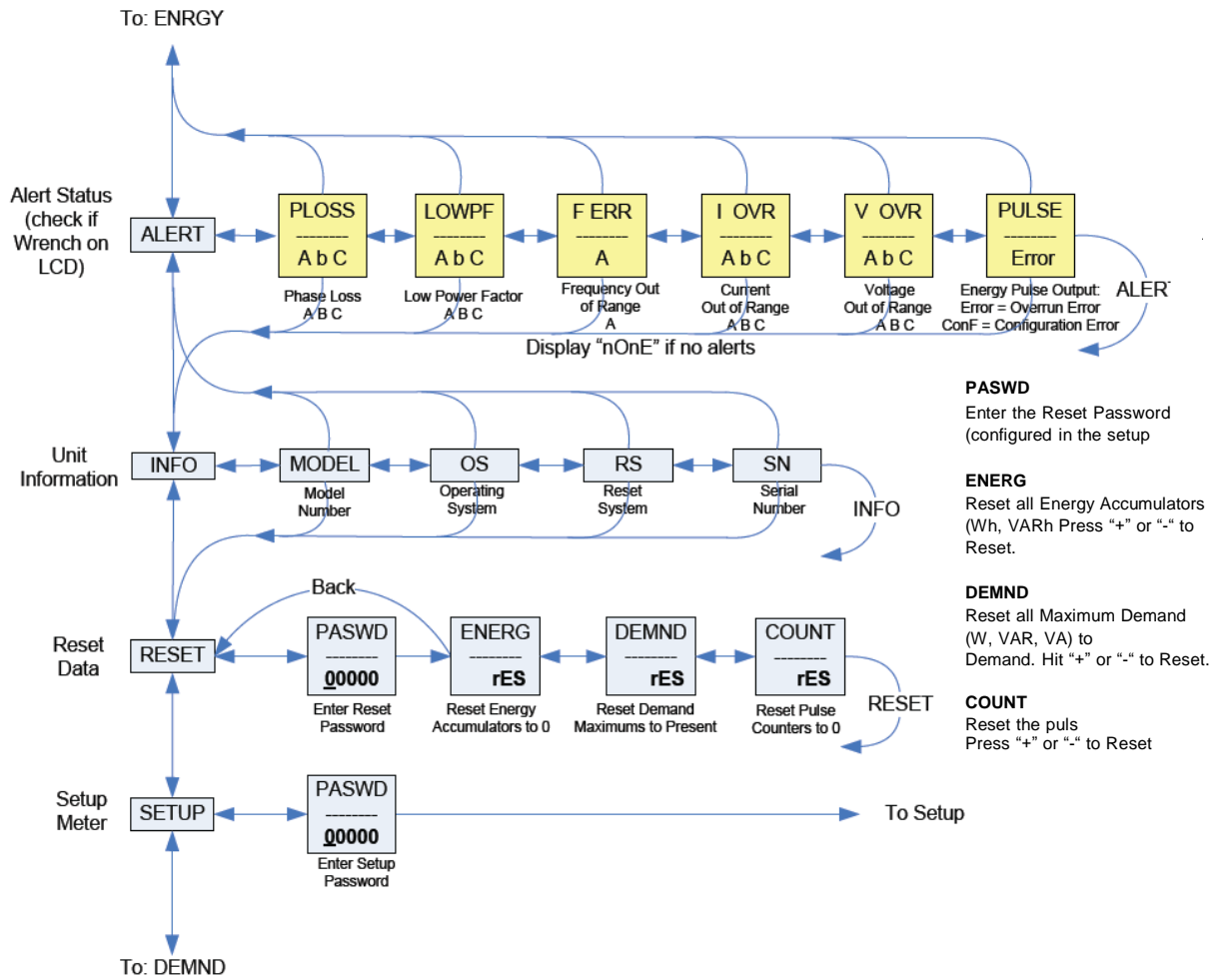
The units for all Power and Energy screens change to preserve resolution as the accumulated totals increase. For example, energy starts out as Wh, then switches to kWh, MWh, and eventually GWh as the accumulated value increases.

User Interface
(cont.)

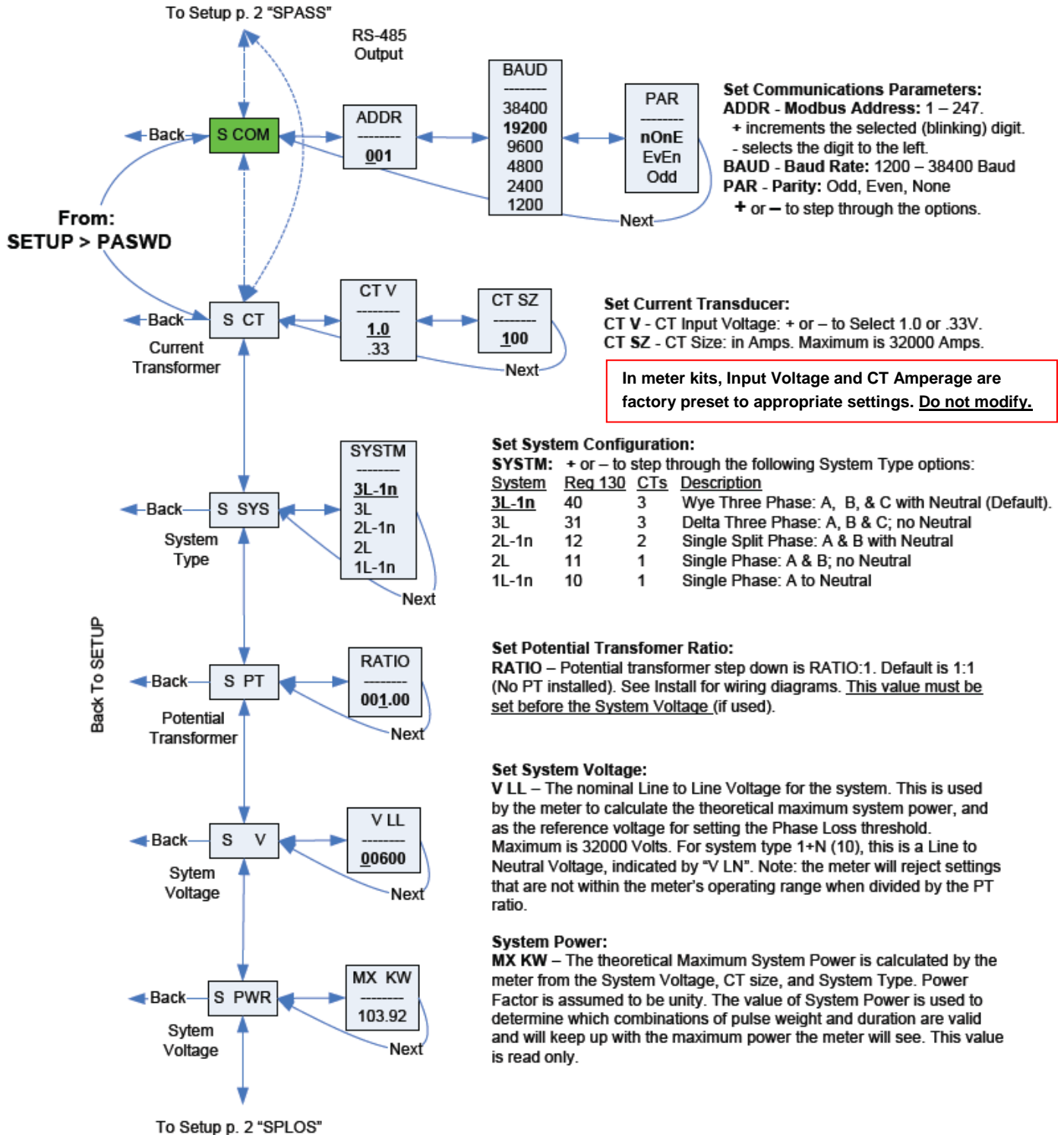


The units for all Power and Energy screens change to preserve resolution as the accumulated totals increase. For example, energy starts out as Wh, then switches to kWh, MWh, and eventually GWh as the accumulated value increases.

Alert/Reset Information

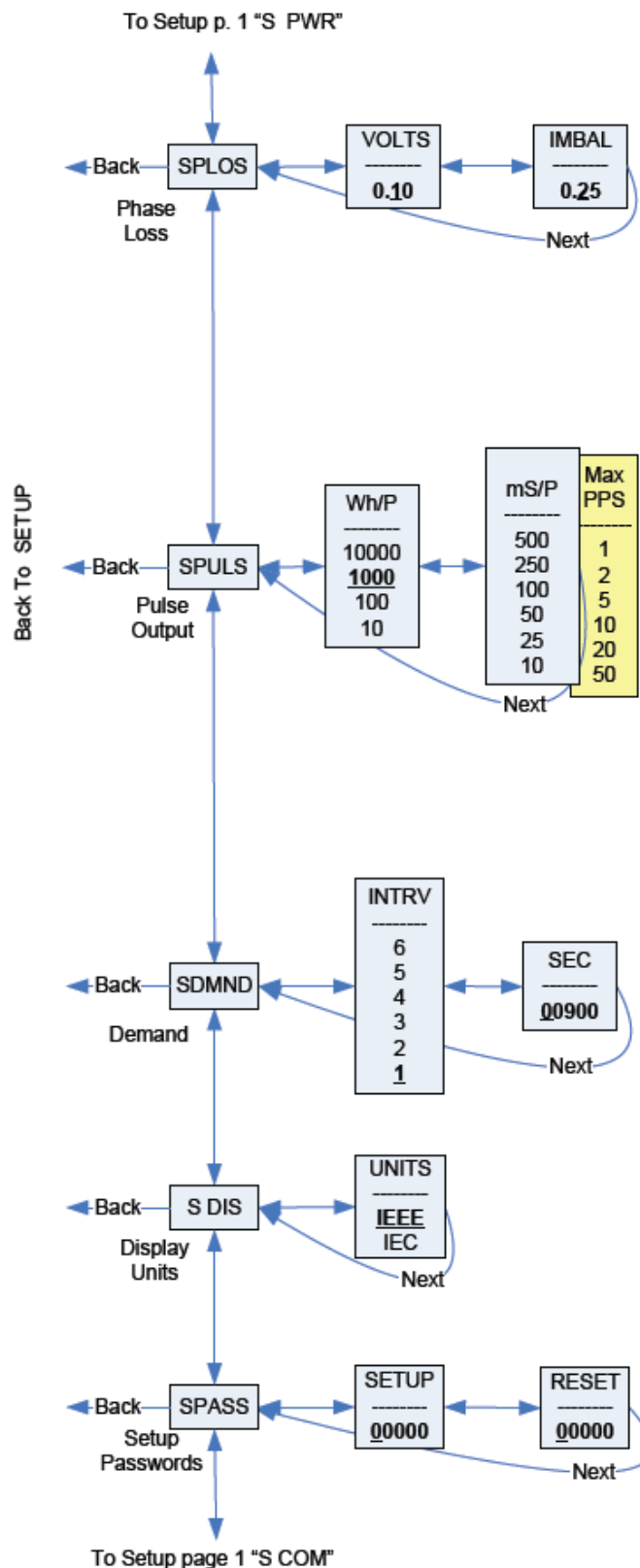


UI for Setup



Note: Bold is the Default.

UI for Setup (cont.)



Set Phase Loss:

VOLTS - Phase Loss Voltage: The fraction of the system voltage below which Phase Loss Alarm is on. For system types with neutral, the Line to Neutral voltage is also calculated and tested. If the System Voltage is 600 and the fraction is set to 0.10, then the Phase Loss threshold will be 60 volts.

IMBAL - Phase Loss Imbalance: The fractional difference in Line to Line voltages above which Phase Loss Alarm is on. For system types with neutral, the Line to Neutral voltages are also tested. For system types 1+N (10) and 2 (11), imbalance is not tested.

Set Pulse:

The System Type, CT size, PT Ratio, and System Voltage must all be configured before setting the Pulse Energy. If any of these parameters are changed, the meter will hunt for a new Pulse Duration, but will not change the Pulse Energy. If it cannot find a solution, the meter will display the wrench, show "ConF" in the ALARM -> PULSE screen, and enable Energy pulse output configuration error bit in the Modbus Diagnostic Alert Bitmap (if equipped).

Wh/P - Set Pulse Energy: In Watt Hours (& VAR Hours, if present) per Pulse. When moving down to a smaller energy, the meter will not allow the selection if it cannot find a pulse duration that will allow the pulse output to keep up with Theoretical Maximum System Power (see S_PWR screen). When moving up to a larger energy, the meter will jump to the first value where it can find a valid solution.

mS/P - Minimum Pulse Duration Time: This read only value is set by the meter to the slowest duration (in mS per closure) that will keep up with the Theoretical Maximum System Power. The open time is greater than or equal to the closure time. The maximum Pulses Per Second (PPS) is shown in yellow.

Set Demand Interval:

INTRV - The number of Sub-Intervals (1 to 6) in a Demand Interval. Default is 1 (block demand).

SEC - Sub-Interval length in seconds. Default is 900 (15 minutes). Set to 0 for external sync-to-comms (Modbus units only).

Set Display Units: +/- to switch between:

IEEE - VLL VLN W VAR VA Units.

IEC - U V P Q S Units.

Set Passwords:

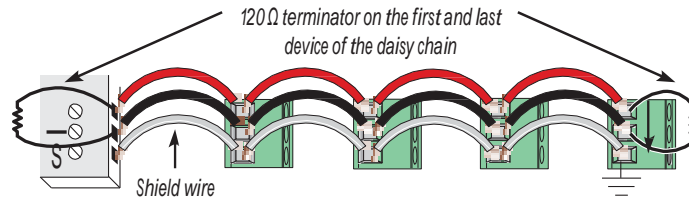
SETUP - The Password to enter the SETUP menu.

RESET - The Password to enter the RESET menu.

RS-485 Communications

Daisy-chaining Devices to the Power Meter

The RS-485 slave port allows the power meter to be connected in a daisy chain format with up to 32 devices, assuming a Leviton Energy Monitoring HUB as the master device.

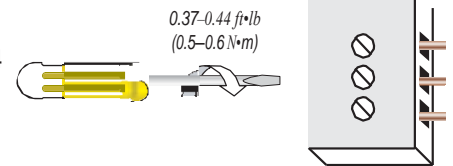


Notes

- The terminal's voltage and current ratings are compliant with the requirements of the EIA RS-485 communications standard.
- The RS-485 transceivers are ¼ unit load or less.
- RS-485+ has a 47 kΩ pull up to +5V, and RS-485- has a 47 kΩ pull down to Shield (RS-485 signal ground).
- Wire the RS-485 bus as a daisy chain from device to device, without any stubs. Use 120 Ω termination resistors at each end of the bus (not included).
- Shield is not internally connected to Earth Ground.
- Connect Shield to Earth Ground somewhere on the RS-485 bus.

For all terminals:

- When tightening terminals, apply the correct torque: 0.37 to 0.44 ft·lb (0.5-0.6 N·m).
- Use 14-24 gauge (2.1-0.2 mm²) wire.



Modbus Point Map Overview

The Log Status Register has additional error flag bits that indicate whether logging has been reset or interrupted (power cycle, etc.) during the previous demand sub-interval, and whether the Real-Time Clock has been changed (re-initialized to default date/ time due to a power-cycle or modified via Modbus commands).

The Series 4100 Full Data Set (FDS) model features data outputs such as demand calculations, per phase signed watts VA and VAR, import/export Wh and VAh, and VARh accumulators by quadrant. The Series 4100 Data Logging model includes the FDS and adds log configuration registers 155-178 and log buffer reading at registers 8000-13760. The meter supports variable CTs and PTs, allowing a much wider range of operation from 90V x 5A up to 32000V x 32000A. To promote this, the meter permits variable scaling of the 16-bit integer registers via the scale registers. The 32-bit floating point registers do not need to be scaled.

Integer registers begin at 001 (0x001). Floats at 257 (0x101). Configuration registers at 129 (0x081). Values not supported in a particular System Type configuration report QNAN (0x8000 in Integer Registers, 0x7FC00000 in Floating Point Registers). Register addresses are in PLC style base 1 notation. Subtract 1 from all addresses for the base 0 value used on the Modbus RS-485 link.

Supported Modbus Commands

Note: ID String information varies from model to model. Text shown here is an example.

Command	Description
0x03	Read Holding Registers
0x04	Read Input Registers
0x06	Preset Single Register
0x10	Preset Multiple Registers
0x11	Report ID Return string: byte0: address byte1: 0x11 byte2: #bytes following w/out crc byte3: ID byte = 247 byte4: status = 0xFF if the operating system is used; status = 0x00 if the reset system is used bytes5+: ID string = "Leviton S4100 Power Meter Full Data Set" RUNNING RS Version x.xxx" last 2 bytes: CRC
0x2B	Read Device Identification, BASIC implementation (0x00, 0x01 and 0x02 data), Conformity Level 1. Object values: 0x01: "Leviton" 0x02: "S4100" 0x03: "Vxx.yyy", where xx.yyy is the OS version number (reformatted version of the Modbus register #7001, (Firmware Version, Operating System). If register #7001 == 12345, then the 0x03 data would be "V12.345").

Legend

The following table lists the addresses assigned to each data point. For floating point format variables, each data point appears twice because two 16-bit addresses are required to hold a 32-bit float value. Negative signed integers are 2's complement.

Modbus Point Map Overview (cont.)

R/W	R=read only R/W=read from either int or float formats, write only to integer format.	
NV	Value is stored in non-volatile memory. The value will still be available if the meter experiences a power loss and reset.	
Format	UInt	Unsigned 16-bit integer.
	SInt	Signed 16-bit integer.
	ULong	Unsigned 32-bit integer; Upper 16-bits (MSR) in lowest-numbered / first listed register (001/002 = MSR/LSR).
	SLong	Signed 32-bit integer; Upper 16-bits (MSR) in lowest-numbered / first listed register (001/002 = MSR/LSR).
	Float	32-bit floating point; Upper 16-bits (MSR) in lowest-numbered / first listed register (257/258 = MSR/LSR). Encoding is per IEEE standard 754 single precision.
Units	Lists the physical units that a register holds.	
Scale Factor	Some Integer values must be multiplied by a constant scale factor (typically a fraction), to be read correctly. This is done to allow integer numbers to represent fractional numbers.	
Range	Defines the limit of the values that a register can contain.	

Standard Modbus Default Settings

Setting	Value	Modbus Register
Setup Password	00000	—
Reset Password	00000	—
System Type	40 (3 + N) Wye	130
CT Primary Ratio (if CTs are not included)	100A	131
CT Secondary Ratio	1V	132
PT Ratio	1:1 (none)	133
System Voltage	600 V L-L	134
Max. Theoretical Power (Analog Output: full scale (20mA or 5V))	104 kW	135
Display Mode	1 (IEEE units)	137
Phase Loss	10% of System Voltage (60V), 25% Phase to Phase Imbalance	142, 143
Pulse Energy	1 (kWh/pulse)	144
Demand: number of sub-intervals per interval	1 (block mode)	149
Demand: sub-interval length	900 sec (15 min)	150
Modbus Address	001	—
Modbus Baud Rate	19200 baud	—
Modbus Parity	None	—
Log Read Page	0	158
Logging Configuration Register	0	159
Log Register Pointer 1	3 (Import Real Energy MSR)	169
Log Register Pointer 2	4 (Import Real Energy LSR)	170
Log Register Pointer 3	5 (Export Real Energy MSR)	171
Log Register Pointer 4	6 (Export Real Energy LSR)	172
Log Register Pointer 5	29 (Real Demand)	173
Log Register Pointer 6	30 (Reactive Demand)	174
Log Register Pointer 7	31 (Apparent Demand)	175
Log Register Pointer 8	155 (Month/Day)	176
Log Register Pointer 9	156 (Year/Hour)	177
Log Register Pointer 10	157 (Minutes/Seconds)	178

Modbus Point Map

Series 4100	Register	R/W	NV	Format	Units	Scale	Range	Description			
Integer Data: Summary of Active Phases											
•	001	R	NV	SLong	kWh	E	-2147483647 to +2147483647	Real Energy: Net (Import - Export)	MSR	Accumulated Real Energy (Ph)	Clear via reset register 129
•	002							LSR			
•	003	R	NV	ULong	kWh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	Real Energy: Quadrants 1 & 4 Import	MSR		
•	004							LSR			
•	005	R	NV	ULong	kWh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	Real Energy: Quadrants 2 & 3 Export	MSR		
•	006							LSR			
•	007	R	NV	ULong	kVARh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	Reactive Energy - Quadrant 1: Lags Import Real Energy (IEC) Inductive (IEEE)	MSR	Accumulated Reactive Energy (Qh): Quadrants 1 + 2 = Import Quadrants 3 + 4 = Export	
•	008							LSR			
•	009	R	NV	ULong	kVARh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	Reactive Energy - Quadrant 2: Leads Export Real Energy (IEC) Inductive (IEEE)	MSR		
•	010							LSR			
•	011	R	NV	ULong	kVARh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	Reactive Energy - Quadrant 3: Lags Export Real Energy (IEC) Capacitive (IEEE)	MSR		
•	012							LSR			
•	013	R	NV	ULong	kVARh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	Reactive Energy - Quadrant 4: Leads Import Real Energy (IEC) Capacitive (IEEE)	MSR		
•	014							LSR			
•	015	R	NV	SLong	kVAh	E	-2147483647 to +2147483647	Apparent Energy: Net (Import - Export)	MSR	Accumulated Apparent Energy (Sh): Import and Export correspond with Real Energy	
•	016							LSR			
•	017	R	NV	ULong	kVAh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	Apparent: Quadrants 1 & 4 Import	MSR		
•	018							LSR			
•	019	R	NV	ULong	kVAh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	Apparent: Quadrants 2 & 3 Export	MSR		
•	020							LSR			
•	021	R		SInt	kW	W	-32767 to +32767	Total Instantaneous Real (P) Power			
•	022	R		SInt	kVAR	W	0 to 32767	Total Instantaneous Reactive (Q) Power			
•	023	R		UInt	kVA	W	0 to 32767	Total Instantaneous Apparent (S) Power (vector sum)			
•	024	R		SInt	Ratio	0.0001	-10000 to +10000	Total Power Factor (total kW / total kVA)			
•	025	R		UInt	Volt	V	0 to 32767	Voltage, L-L (U), average of active phases			
•	026	R		UInt	Volt	V	0 to 32767	Voltage, L-N (V), average of active phases			
•	027	R		UInt	Amp	I	0 to 32767	Current, average of active phases			
•	028			UInt	Hz	0.01	4500 to 6500	Frequency			
•	029	R		SInt	kW	W	-32767 to +32767	Total Real Power Present Demand			
•	030			SInt	kVAR	W	-32767 to +32767	Total Reactive Power Present Demand			
•	031	R		SInt	kVA	W	-32767 to +32767	Total Apparent Power Present Demand			
•	032	R	NV	SInt	kW	W	-32767 to +32767	Total Real Power Max. Demand		Reset via register 129	
•	033	R	NV	SInt	kVAR	W	-32767 to +32767	Total Reactive Power Max. Demand	Import		
•	034	R	NV	SInt	kVA	W	-32767 to +32767	Total Apparent Power Max. Demand			
•	035	R	NV	SInt	kW	W	-32767 to +32767	Total Real Power Max. Demand			
•	036	R	NV	SInt	kVAR	W	-32767 to +32767	Total Reactive Power Max. Demand	Export		
•	037	R	NV	SInt	kVA	W	-32767 to +32767	Total Apparent Power Max. Demand			
•	038	R		UInt				Reserved, returns 0x8000 (QNaN)			
•	039	R	NV	ULong			0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	Pulse Counter 1 (Import Real Energy)	MSR	Contact Closure Counters. Valid for both pulse inputs and outputs. Counts are shown in (). See register 144 - Energy Per Pulse for the Wh per pulse count.	
•	040							LSR			
•	041	R	NV	ULong			0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	Pulse Counter 2 (Export Real Energy)	MSR		
•	042							LSR			

Modbus Point Map (cont.)

Series 4100	Register	R/W	NV	Format	Units	Scale	Range	Description				
Integer Data: Per Phase												
•	043	R	NV	ULong	kWh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	Accumulated Real Energy, Phase A	MSR	Import	Accumulated Real Energy (Ph), per phase	
•	044								LSR			
•	045	R	NV	ULong	kWh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	Accumulated Real Energy, Phase B	MSR			
•	046								LSR			
•	047	R	NV	ULong	kWh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	Accumulated Real Energy, Phase C	MSR			
•	048								LSR			
•	049	R	NV	ULong	kWh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	Accumulated Real Energy, Phase A	MSR			Export
•	050								LSR			
•	051	R	NV	ULong	kWh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	Accumulated Real Energy, Phase B	MSR			
•	052								LSR			
•	053	R	NV	ULong	kWh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	Accumulated Real Energy, Phase C	MSR			
•	054								LSR			
•	055	R	NV	ULong	kVARh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	Accumulated Q1 Reactive Energy, Phase A	MSR	Import	Accumulated Reactive Energy (Qh), Per Phase	
•	056								LSR			
•	057	R	NV	ULong	kVARh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	Accumulated Q1 Reactive Energy, Phase B	MSR			
•	058								LSR			
•	059	R	NV	ULong	kVARh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	Accumulated Q1 Reactive Energy, Phase C	MSR			
•	060								LSR			
•	061	R	NV	ULong	kVARh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	Accumulated Q2 Reactive Energy, Phase A	MSR			
•	062								LSR			
•	063	R	NV	ULong	kVARh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	Accumulated Q2 Reactive Energy, Phase B	MSR			
•	064								LSR			
•	065	R	NV	ULong	kVARh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	Accumulated Q2 Reactive Energy, Phase C	MSR			Export
•	066								LSR			
•	067	R	NV	ULong	kVARh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	Accumulated Q3 Reactive Energy, Phase A	MSR			
•	068								LSR			
•	069	R	NV	ULong	kVARh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	Accumulated Q3 Reactive Energy, Phase B	MSR			
•	070								LSR			
•	071	R	NV	ULong	kVARh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	Accumulated Q3 Reactive Energy, Phase C	MSR			
•	072								LSR			
•	073	R	NV	ULong	kVARh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	Accumulated Q4 Reactive Energy, Phase A	MSR			
•	074								LSR			
•	075	R	NV	ULong	kVARh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	Accumulated Q4 Reactive Energy, Phase B	MSR			
•	076								LSR			
•	077	R	NV	ULong	kVARh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	Accumulated Q4 Reactive Energy, Phase C	MSR			
•	078								LSR			

Modbus Point Map (cont.)

Series 4100	Register	R/W	NV	Format	Units	Scale	Range	Description				
•	079	R	NV	ULong	kVAh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	Accumulated Apparent Energy, Phase A	MSR	Import	Accumulated Apparent Energy (Sh), Per Phase	
•	080								LSR			
•	081	R	NV	ULong	kVAh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	Accumulated Apparent Energy, Phase B	MSR			
•	082								LSR			
•	083	R	NV	ULong	kVAh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	Accumulated Apparent Energy, Phase C	MSR			
•	084								LSR			
•	085	R	NV	ULong	kVAh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	Accumulated Apparent Energy, Phase A	MSR			Export
•	086								LSR			
•	087	R	NV	ULong	kVAh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	Accumulated Apparent Energy, Phase B	MSR			
•	088								LSR			
•	089	R	NV	ULong	kVAh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	Accumulated Apparent Energy, Phase C	MSR			
•	090								LSR			
•	091	R		SInt	kW	W	-32767 to +32767	Real Power (P), Phase A	Real Power (P)			
•	092	R		SInt	kW	W	-32767 to +32767	Real Power (P), Phase B				
•	093	R		SInt	kW	W	-32767 to +32767	Real Power (P), Phase C				
•	094	R		SInt	kVAR	W	-32767 to +32767	Reactive Power (Q), Phase A	Reactive Power (Q)			
•	095	R		SInt	kVAR	W	-32767 to +32767	Reactive Power (Q), Phase B				
•	096	R		SInt	kVAR	W	-32767 to +32767	Reactive Power (Q), Phase C				
•	097	R		UInt	kVA	W	0 to 32767	Apparent Power (S), Phase A	Apparent Power (S)			
•	098	R		UInt	kVA	W	0 to 32767	Apparent Power (S), Phase B				
•	099	R		UInt	kVA	W	0 to 32767	Apparent Power (S), Phase C				
•	100	R		SInt	Ratio	0.0001	-10000 to +10000	Power Factor (PF), Phase A	Power Factor (PF)			
•	101	R		SInt	Ratio	0.0001	-10000 to +10000	Power Factor (PF), Phase B				
•	102	R		SInt	Ratio	0.0001	-10000 to +10000	Power Factor (PF), Phase C				
•	103	R		UInt	Volt	V	0 to 32767	Voltage (U), Phase A-B	Line to Line Voltage (U)			
•	104	R		UInt	Volt	V	0 to 32767	Voltage (U), Phase B-C				
•	105	R		UInt	Volt	V	0 to 32767	Voltage (U), Phase A-C				
•	106	R		UInt	Volt	V	0 to 32767	Voltage (V), Phase A-N	Line to Neutral Voltage (V)			
•	107	R		UInt	Volt	V	0 to 32767	Voltage (V), Phase B-N				
•	108	R		UInt	Volt	V	0 to 32767	Voltage (V), Phase C-N				
•	109	R		UInt	Amp	I	0 to 32767	Current, Phase A	Current			
•	110	R		UInt	Amp	I	0 to 32767	Current, Phase B				
•	111	R		UInt	Amp	I	0 to 32767	Current, Phase C				
•	112	R		UInt				Reserved, Returns 0x8000 (QNaN)				

Modbus Point Map (cont.)

Series 4100	Register	R/W	NV	Format	Units	Scale	Range	Description
Configuration								
•	129	R/W		UInt			N/A	Reset: - Write 30078 (0x757E) to clear all Energy Accumulators to 0 (All). - Write 21211 (0x52DB) to begin new Demand Sub-Interval calculation cycle. Takes effect at the end of the next 1 second calculation cycle. Write no more frequently than every 10 seconds. - Write 21212 (0x52DC) to reset Max Demand values to Present Demand Values. Takes effect at the end of the next 1 second calculation cycle. Write no more frequently than every 10 seconds. - Write 16640 (0x4100) to reset Logging. - Write 16498 (0x4072) to clear Pulse Counts to zero. - Read always returns 0.
•	130	R/W	NV	UInt			10, 11, 12, 31, 40	Single Phase: A + N Single Phase: A + B Single Split Phase: A + B + N 3 phase Δ, A + B + C, no N 3 phase Y, A + B + C + N System Type (See Manual. Note: only the indicated phases are monitored for Phase Loss)
•	131	R/W	NV	UInt	Amps		1-32000	CT Ratio – Primary
•	132	R/W	NV	UInt			1, 3	CT Ratio – Secondary Interface (1 or 1/3 V, may not be user configurable)
•	133	R/W	NV	UInt		100	0.01-320.00	PT Ratio: The meter scales this value by 100 (i.e. entering 200 yields a potential transformer ratio of 2:1). The default is 100 (1.00:1), which is with no PT attached. Set this value before setting the system voltage (below)
•	134	R/W	NV	UInt			82-32000	System Voltage: This voltage is line to line, unless in system type 10 (register 130), which is line to neutral. The meter uses this value to calculate the full scale power for the pulse configuration (below), and as full scale for phase loss (register 142). The meter will refuse voltages that are outside the range of 82-660 volts when divided by the PT Ratio (above).
•	135	R	NV	UInt	kW	W	1-32767	Theoretical Maximum System Power – This read only register is the theoretical maximum power the meter expects to see on a service. It is calculated by the meter from the System Type (register 130), CT size (register 131), and System Voltage (register 134) and is updated whenever the user changes any of these parameters. It is used to determine the maximum power the pulse outputs can keep up with. This integer register has the same scale as other integer power registers (see register 140 for power scaling).
•	136	R		UInt				Reserved, always returns 0
•	137	R/W	NV	UInt			0,1	Display Units: 0 = IEC (U, V, P, Q, S), 1 = IEEE (default: VLL, VLN, W, VAR, VA)
•	138	R		SInt			-4 0.0001 -3 0.001	Scale Factor I (Current)
•	139	R		SInt			-2 0.01 -1 0.1	Scale Factor V (Voltage)
•	140	R		SInt			0 1.0 1 10.0	Scale Factor W (Power)
•	141	R		SInt			2 100.0 3 1000.0 4 10000.0	Scale Factor E (Energy)
								Scale Factors Note: These registers contain a signed integer, which scales the corresponding integer registers. Floating point registers are not scaled. Scaling is recalculated when the meter configuration is changed.

Modbus Point Map (cont.)

Series 4100	Register	R/W	NV	Format	Units	Scale	Range	Description
•	142	R/W	NV	UInt	%		1-99	Phase Loss Voltage Threshold in percent of system voltage (register 134). Default value is 10 (%). Any phase (as configured in register 130) whose level drops below this threshold triggers a Phase Loss alert, i.e., if the System voltage is set to 480 V L-L, the L-N voltage for each phase should be 277 V. When the threshold is set to 10%, if any phase drops more than 10% below 277 V, (less than 249 V), or if any L-L voltage drops more than 10% below 480 V (less than 432 V) the corresponding phase loss alarm bit in register 146 will be true.
•	143	R/W	NV	UInt	%		1-99	Phase Loss Imbalance Threshold in Percent. Default is 25% phase to phase difference. For a 3-phase Y (3 + N) system type (40 in register 130), both Line to Neutral and Line to Line voltages are tested. In a 3-phase Δ System type (31 in register 130), only Line to Line voltages are examined. In a single split-phase (2 + N) system type (12 in register 130), just the line to neutral voltage are compared.
•	144	R/W	NV	UInt	Wh		10000, 1000, 100, 10	Wh (& VARh, if equipped) Energy per Pulse Output Contact Closure. If the meter cannot find a pulse duration that will keep up with the max. system power (register 135), it will reject the new value. Check the meter configuration and/or try a larger value.
•	145	R	NV	UInt	msec		500, 250, 100, 50, 25, 10	Pulse Contact Closure Duration in msec. Read-only. Set to the slowest duration that will keep up with the theoretical max. system power (register 135). The open time ≥ the closure time, so the max. pulse rate (pulses per sec) is the inverse of double the pulse time.
•	146	R		UInt				Error Bitmap. 1 = Active: Bit 0: Phase A Voltage out of range Bit 1: Phase B Voltage out of range Bit 2: Phase C Voltage out of range Bit 3: Phase A Current out of range Bit 4: Phase B Current out of range Bit 5: Phase C Current out of range Bit 6: Frequency out of the range of 45 to 65 Hz -OR- insufficient voltage to determine frequency. Bit 7: Reserved for future use Bit 8: Phase Loss A Bit 9: Phase Loss B Bit 10: Phase Loss C Bit 11: Low Power Factor on A with one or more phases having a PF less than 0.5 due to mis-wiring of phases Bit 12: Low Power Factor on B Bit 13: Low Power Factor on C Bit 14: Energy pulse output overrun error. The pulse outputs are unable to keep up with the total real power (registers 3 and 261/262). To fix, increase the pulse energy register (register 144) and reset the energy accumulators (see reset register 129). Bit 15: Energy pulse output configuration error (present pulse energy setting may not keep up with the theoretical max. system power; see register 135). To fix, increase the pulse energy (register 144).

Phase Loss Output
Note: The phases tested are determined by the System Type.

kWh (& VARh, if equipped) Pulse Contacts

Note: The kWh pulse contact can keep up with a maximum power (Watts) of 1800000 x Wh pulse weight ÷ contact closure duration (in msec)

Modbus Point Map (cont.)

Series 4100	Register	R/W	NV	Format	Units	Scale	Range	Description
•	147	R	NV	UInt			0-32767	Count of Energy Accumulator resets
•	148	R		UInt				Reserved (returns 0)
•	149	R/W	NV	UInt			1-6	Number of Sub-Intervals per Demand Interval. Sets the number of sub-intervals that make a single demand interval. For block demand, set this to 1. Default is 1. When Sub-Interval Length register #150 is set to 0 (sync-to-comms mode), this register is ignored.
•	150	R/W	NV	UInt	Seconds		0, 10-32767	Sub-Interval Length in seconds. For sync-to-comms, set this to 0 and use the reset register (129) to externally re-start the sub-interval. This is also the logging interval.
•	151	R/W		UInt			1-32767	Reserved (returns 0)
•	152	R	NV	UInt			0-32767	Power Up Counter.
•	153	R	NV	UInt			0-32767	Output Configuration. Units have a NO energy contact and NC (Normally Closed - Form B) Phase Loss contact, so this register will always return a "0".
•	154	R		UInt				Reserved, returns 0

Modbus Point Map (cont.)

Series 4100	Register	R/W	NV	Format	Units	Scale	Range	Description
Floating Point Data: Summary of Active Phases								
•	257/258	R	NV	Float	kWh			Accumulated Real Energy: Net (Import - Export)
•	259/260	R	NV	Float	kWh			Real Energy: Quadrants 1 & 4 Import
•	261/262	R		Float	kWh			Real Energy: Quadrants 2 & 3 Export
•	263/264	R		Float	kVARh			Reactive Energy: Quadrant 1 Lags Import Real Energy (IEC) Inductive (IEEE)
•	265/266	R		Float	kVARh			Reactive Energy: Quadrant 2 Leads Export Real Energy (IEC) Inductive (IEEE)
•	267/268	R		Float	kVARh			Reactive Energy: Quadrant 3 Lags Export Real Energy (IEC) Capacitive (IEEE)
•	269/270	R		Float	kVARh			Reactive Energy: Quadrant 4 Leads Import Real Energy (IEC) Capacitive (IEEE)
•	271/272	R	NV	Float	kVAh			Apparent Energy: Net (Import - Export)
•	273/274	R	NV	Float	kVAh			Apparent Energy: Quadrants 1 & 4 Import
•	275/276	R	NV	Float	kVAh			Apparent Energy: Quadrants 2 & 3 Export
•	277/278	R		Float	kW			Total Net Instantaneous Real (P) Power
•	279/280	R		Float	kVAR			Total Net Instantaneous Reactive (Q) Power
•	281/282	R		Float	kVA			Total Net Instantaneous Apparent (S) Power
•	283/284	R		Float	Ratio		0.0-1.0	Total Power Factor (Total kW / Total kVA)
•	285/286	R		Float	Volt			Voltage, L-L (U), average of active phases

Accumulated Real Energy (Ph)
Accumulated Reactive Energy (Qh):
Quadrants 1+2= Import
Quadrants 3+4= Export
Clear via register 129

Modbus Point Map (cont.)

Series 4100	Register	R/W	NV	Format	Units	Scale	Range	Description
•	287/288	R		Float	Volt			Voltage, L-N (V), average of active phases
•	289/290	R		Float	Amp			Current, average of active phases
•	291/292	R		Float	Hz		45.0-65.0	Frequency
•	293/294	R		Float	kW			Total Real Power Present Demand
•	295/296	R		Float	kVAR			Total Reactive Power Present Demand
•	297/298	R		Float	kVA			Total Apparent Power Present Demand
•	299/300	R	NV	Float	kW			Total Real Power Max. Demand
•	301/302	R	NV	Float	kVAR			Total Reactive Power Max. Demand
•	303/304	R	NV	Float	kVA			Total Apparent Power Max. Demand
•	305/306	R	NV	Float	kW			Total Real Power Max. Demand
•	307/308	R	NV	Float	kVAR			Total Reactive Power Max. Demand
•	309/310	R	NV	Float	kVA			Total Apparent Power Max. Demand
•	311/312	R		Float				Reserved, reports QNAN (0x7FC00000)
•	313/314	R		Float		1	0-4294967040	Pulse Counter 1 (Import Real Energy)
•	315/316	R		Float		1	0-4294967040	Pulse Counter 2 (Export Reactive Energy)
Contact closure counters. Valid for both pulse inputs and outputs. Counts are shown in (.). See register 144 for the weight of each pulse output count. These values are derived from the 32 bit integer counter and will roll over to 0 when the integer counters do. Inputs are user defined.								
Floating Point Data: Per Phase								
•	317/318	R		Float	kWh			Accumulated Real Energy, Phase A
•	319/320	R		Float	kWh			Accumulated Real Energy, Phase B
•	321/322	R		Float	kWh			Accumulated Real Energy, Phase C
•	323/324	R		Float	kWh			Accumulated Real Energy, Phase A
•	325/326	R		Float	kWh			Accumulated Real Energy, Phase B
•	327/328	R		Float	kWh			Accumulated Real Energy, Phase C
•	329/330	R		Float	kVARh			Accumulated Q1 Reactive Energy, Phase A
•	331/332	R		Float	kVARh			Accumulated Q1 Reactive Energy, Phase B
•	333/334	R		Float	kVARh			Accumulated Q1 Reactive Energy, Phase C
•	335/336	R		Float	kVARh			Accumulated Q2 Reactive Energy, Phase A
•	337/338	R		Float	kVARh			Accumulated Q2 Reactive Energy, Phase B
•	339/340	R		Float	kVARh			Accumulated Q2 Reactive Energy, Phase C
•	341/342	R		Float	kVARh			Accumulated Q3 Reactive Energy, Phase A
•	343/344	R		Float	kVARh			Accumulated Q3 Reactive Energy, Phase B
•	345/346	R		Float	kVARh			Accumulated Q3 Reactive Energy, Phase C
•	347/348	R		Float	kVARh			Accumulated Q4 Reactive Energy, Phase A
•	349/350	R		Float	kVARh			Accumulated Q4 Reactive Energy, Phase B
•	351/352	R		Float	kVARh			Accumulated Q4 Reactive Energy, Phase C
•	353/354	R		Float	kVAh			Accumulated Apparent Energy, Phase A
•	355/356	R		Float	kVAh			Accumulated Apparent Energy, Phase B
•	357/358	R		Float	kVAh			Accumulated Apparent Energy, Phase C
•	359/360	R		Float	kVAh			Accumulated Apparent Energy, Phase A
•	361/362	R		Float	kVAh			Accumulated Apparent Energy, Phase B
•	363/364	R		Float	kVAh			Accumulated Apparent Energy, Phase C

Modbus Point Map (cont.)

Series 4100	Register	R/W	NV	Format	Units	Scale	Range	Description
•	365/366	R		Float	kW			Real Power, Phase A
•	367/368	R		Float	kW			Real Power, Phase A
•	369/370	R		Float	kW			Real Power, Phase A
•	371/372	R		Float	kVAR			Reactive Power, Phase A
•	373/374	R		Float	kVAR			Reactive Power, Phase A
•	375/376	R		Float	kVAR			Reactive Power, Phase A
•	377/378	R		Float	kVA			Apparent Power, Phase A
•	379/380	R		Float	kVA			Apparent Power, Phase A
•	381/382	R		Float	kVA			Apparent Power, Phase A
•	383/384	R		Float	Ratio		0.0-1.0	Power Factor, Phase A
•	385/386	R		Float	Ratio		0.0-1.0	Power Factor, Phase A
•	387/388	R		Float	Ratio		0.0-1.0	Power Factor, Phase A
•	389/390	R		Float	Volt			Voltage, Phase A-B
•	391/392	R		Float	Volt			Voltage, Phase B-C
•	393/394	R		Float	Volt			Voltage, Phase A-C
•	395/396	R		Float	Volt			Voltage, Phase A-N
•	397/398	R		Float	Volt			Voltage, Phase B-N
•	399/400	R		Float	Volt			Voltage, Phase C-N
•	401/402	R		Float	Amp			Current, Phase A
•	403/404	R		Float	Amp			Current, Phase B
•	405/406	R		Float	Amp			Current, Phase C
•	407/408	R		Float				Reserved, Reports QNAN (0x7FC00000)

Invalid or Quiet Not A Number (QNAN) conditions are indicated by 0x8000 (negative zero) for 16 bit integers and 0x7FC00000 for 32 bit floating point numbers.

Floating point numbers are encoded per the IEEE 754 32-bit specifications.

SunSpec Register Blocks This section describes the Modbus registers reserved for SunSpec compliance-related information. See www.sunspec.org for the original specifications.

Series 4100	Register	R/W	NV	Format	Units	Scale	Range	SunSpec Name	Description
SunSpec 1.0 Common Model									
•	40001	R	NV	ULong			0x5375 6e53	C_SunSpec_ID	ASCII "SunS". Identifies this as the beginning of a SunSpec Modbus point
•	40002								
•	40003	R	NV	UInt			1	C_SunSpec_DID	SunSpec common model Device ID
•	40004	R	NV	UInt			65	C_SunSpec_Length	Length of the common model block
•	40005 to 40020	R	NV	String (32)	ASCII			C_Manufacturer	null terminated ASCII text string
•	40021 to 40036	R	NV	String (32)	ASCII			C_Model	null terminated ASCII text string
•	40037 to 40044	R	NV	String (16)	ASCII			C_Options	null terminated ASCII text string
•	40045 to 40052	R	NV	String (16)	ASCII			C_Version	null terminated ASCII text string
•	40053 to 40068	R	NV	String (32)	ASCII			C_SerialNumber	null terminated ASCII text string
•	40068	R	NV	UInt	ASCII			C_SunSpec_Length	Modbus address
SunSpec 1.1 Integer Meter Model									
Identification									
•	40070	R	NV	UInt			201 to 204	C_SunSpec_DID	SunSpec Integer meter model device IDs. Meter configuration by device ID: 201 = single phase (A-N or A-B) meter 202 = split single phase (A-B-N) meter 203 = Wye-connect 3-phase (ABCN) meter 204 = delta-connect 3-phase (ABC) meter
•	40071	R	NV	UInt			105	C_SunSpec_Length	Length of the meter model block
Current									
•	40072	R		SInt	Amps	M_AC_Current_SF	-32767 to +32767	M_AC_Current	AC Current (sum of active phases)
•	40073	R		SInt	Amps	M_AC_Current_SF	-32767 to +32767	M_AC_Current_A	Phase A AC current
•	40074	R		SInt	Amps	M_AC_Current_SF	-32767 to +32767	M_AC_Current_B	Phase B AC current
•	40075	R		SInt	Amps	M_AC_Current_SF	-32767 to +32767	M_AC_Current_C	Phase C AC current
•	40076	R	NV	SInt		1		M_AC_Current_CN	AC Current Scale Factor
Voltage: Line to Neutral									
•	40077	R		SInt	Volts	M_AC_Voltage_SF	-32767 to +32767	M_AC_Voltage_LN	Line to Neutral AC voltage (average of active phases)
•	40078	R		SInt	Volts	M_AC_Voltage_SF	-32767 to +32767	M_AC_Voltage_AN	Phase A to Neutral AC Voltage
•	40079	R		SInt	Volts	M_AC_Voltage_SF	-32767 to +32767	M_AC_Voltage_BN	Phase B to Neutral AC Voltage
•	40080	R		SInt	Volts	M_AC_Voltage_SF	-32767 to +32767	M_AC_Voltage_CN	Phase C to Neutral AC Voltage
Voltage: Line to Line									
•	40081	R		SInt	Volts	M_AC_Voltage_SF	-32767 to +32767	M_AC_Voltage_LL	Line to Line AC voltage (average of active phases)
•	40082	R		SInt	Volts	M_AC_Voltage_SF	-32767 to +32767	M_AC_Voltage_AB	Phase A to Phase B AC Voltage
•	40083	R		SInt	Volts	M_AC_Voltage_SF	-32767 to +32767	M_AC_Voltage_BC	Phase B to Phase C AC Voltage
•	40084	R		SInt	Volts	M_AC_Voltage_SF	-32767 to +32767	M_AC_Voltage_CA	Phase C to Phase A AC Voltage
•	40085	R	NV	SInt		1		M_AC_Voltage_SF	AC Voltage Scale Factor
Frequency									
•	40086	R		SInt	Hertz	M_AC_Freq_SF	-32767 to +32767	M_AC_Freq	AC Frequency
•	40087	R	NV	SInt	SF	1		M_AC_Freq_SF	AC Frequency Scale Factor

SunSpec Register Blocks (cont.)

Series 4100	Register	R/W	NV	Format	Units	Scale	Range	SunSpec Name	Description
Power									
Real Power									
•	40088	R		SInt	Watts	M_AC_Power_SF	-32767 to +32767	M_AC_Power	Total Real Power (sum of active phases)
•	40089	R		SInt	Watts	M_AC_Power_SF	-32767 to +32767	M_AC_Power_A	Phase A AC Real Power
•	40090	R		SInt	Watts	M_AC_Power_SF	-32767 to +32767	M_AC_Power_B	Phase B AC Real Power
•	40091	R		SInt	Watts	M_AC_Power_SF	-32767 to +32767	M_AC_Power_C	Phase A AC Real Power
•	40092	R	NV	SInt	SF	1		M_AC_Power_SF	AC Real Power Scale Factor
Apparent Power									
•	40093	R		SInt	Volt-Ampos	M_AC_VA_SF	-32767 to +32767	M_AC_VA	Total AC Apparent Power (sum of active phases)
•	40094	R		SInt	Volt-Ampos	M_AC_VA_SF	-32767 to +32767	M_AC_VA_A	Phase A AC Apparent Power
•	40095	R		SInt	Volt-Ampos	M_AC_VA_SF	-32767 to +32767	M_AC_VA_B	Phase B AC Apparent Power
•	40096	R		SInt	Volt-Ampos	M_AC_VA_SF	-32767 to +32767	M_AC_VA_C	Phase A AC Apparent Power
•	40097	R	NV	SInt	SF	1		M_AC_VA_SF	AC Apparent Power Scale Factor
Reactive Power									
•	40098	R		SInt	VAR	M_AC_VAR_SF	-32767 to +32767	M_AC_VAR	Total AC Reactive Power (sum of active phases)
•	40099	R		SInt	VAR	M_AC_VAR_SF	-32767 to +32767	M_AC_VAR_A	Phase A AC Reactive Power
•	40100	R		SInt	VAR	M_AC_VAR_SF	-32767 to +32767	M_AC_VAR_B	Phase B AC Reactive Power
•	40101	R		SInt	VAR	M_AC_VAR_SF	-32767 to +32767	M_AC_VAR_C	Phase A AC Reactive Power
•	40102	R	NV	SInt	SF	1		M_AC_VAR_SF	AC Reactive Power Scale Factor
Power Factor									
•	40103	R		SInt	%	M_AC_PF_SF	-32767 to +32767	M_AC_PF	Average Power Factor (average of active phases)
•	40104	R		SInt	%	M_AC_PF_SF	-32767 to +32767	M_AC_PF_A	Phase A Power Factor
•	40105	R		SInt	%	M_AC_PF_SF	-32767 to +32767	M_AC_PF_B	Phase B Power Factor
•	40106	R		SInt	%	M_AC_PF_SF	-32767 to +32767	M_AC_PF_C	Phase A Power Factor
•	40107	R	NV	SInt	SF	1		M_AC_PF_SF	AC Power Factor Scale Factor
Accumulated Energy									
Real Energy									
•	40108	R	NV	ULong	Watt-hours	M_Energy_W_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Exported_W	Total Exported Real Energy
•	40109	R	NV	ULong	Watt-hours	M_Energy_W_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Exported_W_A	Phase A Exported Real Energy
•	40110	R	NV	ULong	Watt-hours	M_Energy_W_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Exported_W_B	Phase B Exported Real Energy
•	40111	R	NV	ULong	Watt-hours	M_Energy_W_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Exported_W_C	Phase C Exported Real Energy
•	40112	R	NV	ULong	Watt-hours	M_Energy_W_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Imported_W	Total Imported Real Energy
•	40113	R	NV	ULong	Watt-hours	M_Energy_W_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Imported_W_A	Phase A Imported Real Energy
•	40114	R	NV	ULong	Watt-hours	M_Energy_W_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Imported_W_B	Phase B Imported Real Energy
•	40115	R	NV	ULong	Watt-hours	M_Energy_W_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Imported_W_C	Phase C Imported Real Energy
•	40116	R	NV	ULong	Watt-hours	M_Energy_W_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Exported_W	Total Exported Real Energy
•	40117	R	NV	ULong	Watt-hours	M_Energy_W_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Exported_W_A	Phase A Exported Real Energy
•	40118	R	NV	ULong	Watt-hours	M_Energy_W_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Exported_W_B	Phase B Exported Real Energy
•	40119	R	NV	ULong	Watt-hours	M_Energy_W_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Exported_W_C	Phase C Exported Real Energy
•	40120	R	NV	ULong	Watt-hours	M_Energy_W_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Imported_W	Total Imported Real Energy
•	40121	R	NV	ULong	Watt-hours	M_Energy_W_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Imported_W_A	Phase A Imported Real Energy
•	40122	R	NV	ULong	Watt-hours	M_Energy_W_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Imported_W_B	Phase B Imported Real Energy
•	40123	R	NV	ULong	Watt-hours	M_Energy_W_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Imported_W_C	Phase C Imported Real Energy
•	40124	R	NV	SF	SF	1		M_Energy_W_SF	Real Energy Scale Factor

SunSpec Register Blocks (cont.)

Series 4100	Register	R/W	NV	Format	Units	Scale	Range	SunSpec Name	Description
Apparent Energy									
•	40125	R	NV	ULong	VA-hours	M_Energy_VA_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Exported_VA	Total Exported Apparent Energy
•	40126	R	NV	ULong	VA-hours	M_Energy_VA_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Exported_VA_A	Phase A Exported Apparent Energy
•	40127	R	NV	ULong	VA-hours	M_Energy_VA_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Exported_VA_B	Phase B Exported Apparent Energy
•	40128	R	NV	ULong	VA-hours	M_Energy_VA_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Exported_VA_C	Phase C Exported Apparent Energy
•	40129	R	NV	ULong	VA-hours	M_Energy_VA_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Imported_VA	Total Imported Apparent Energy
•	40130	R	NV	ULong	VA-hours	M_Energy_VA_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Imported_VA_A	Phase A Imported Apparent Energy
•	40131	R	NV	ULong	VA-hours	M_Energy_VA_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Imported_VA_B	Phase B Imported Apparent Energy
•	40132	R	NV	ULong	VA-hours	M_Energy_VA_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Imported_VA_C	Phase C Imported Apparent Energy
•	40133	R	NV	ULong	VA-hours	M_Energy_VA_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Energy_VA_SF	Real Energy Scale Factor
•	40134	R	NV	ULong	VA-hours	M_Energy_VA_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Energy_VA_SF	Real Energy Scale Factor
•	40135	R	NV	ULong	VA-hours	M_Energy_VA_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Energy_VA_SF	Real Energy Scale Factor
•	40136	R	NV	ULong	VA-hours	M_Energy_VA_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Energy_VA_SF	Real Energy Scale Factor
•	40137	R	NV	ULong	VA-hours	M_Energy_VA_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Energy_VA_SF	Real Energy Scale Factor
•	40138	R	NV	ULong	VA-hours	M_Energy_VA_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Energy_VA_SF	Real Energy Scale Factor
•	40139	R	NV	ULong	VA-hours	M_Energy_VA_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Energy_VA_SF	Real Energy Scale Factor
•	40140	R	NV	ULong	VA-hours	M_Energy_VA_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Energy_VA_SF	Real Energy Scale Factor
•	40141	R	NV	UInt	SF	1		M_Energy_VA_SF	Real Energy Scale Factor
Reactive Energy									
•	40142	R	NV	ULong	VAR-hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Import_VARh_Q1	Quadrant 1: Total Imported Reactive Energy
•	40143	R	NV	ULong	VAR-hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Import_VARh_Q1A	Phase A - Quadrant 1: Total Imported Reactive Energy
•	40144	R	NV	ULong	VAR-hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Import_VARh_Q1B	Phase B - Quadrant 1: Total Imported Reactive Energy
•	40145	R	NV	ULong	VAR-hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Import_VARh_Q1C	Phase C - Quadrant 1: Total Imported Reactive Energy
•	40146	R	NV	ULong	VAR-hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Import_VARh_Q2	Quadrant 2: Total Imported Reactive Energy
•	40147	R	NV	ULong	VAR-hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Import_VARh_Q2A	Phase A - Quadrant 2: Total Imported Reactive Energy
•	40148	R	NV	ULong	VAR-hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Import_VARh_Q2B	Phase B - Quadrant 2: Total Imported Reactive Energy
•	40149	R	NV	ULong	VAR-hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Import_VARh_Q2C	Phase C - Quadrant 2: Total Imported Reactive Energy
•	40150	R	NV	ULong	VAR-hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Import_VARh_Q3	Quadrant 3: Total Imported Reactive Energy
•	40151	R	NV	ULong	VAR-hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Import_VARh_Q3A	Phase A - Quadrant 3: Total Imported Reactive Energy
•	40152	R	NV	ULong	VAR-hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Import_VARh_Q3B	Phase B - Quadrant 3: Total Imported Reactive Energy
•	40153	R	NV	ULong	VAR-hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Import_VARh_Q3C	Phase C - Quadrant 3: Total Imported Reactive Energy
•	40154	R	NV	ULong	VAR-hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Export_VARh_Q3	Quadrant 3: Total Exported Reactive Energy
•	40155	R	NV	ULong	VAR-hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Export_VARh_Q3A	Phase A - Quadrant 3: Total Exported Reactive Energy
•	40156	R	NV	ULong	VAR-hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Export_VARh_Q3B	Phase B - Quadrant 3: Total Exported Reactive Energy
•	40157	R	NV	ULong	VAR-hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Export_VARh_Q3C	Phase C - Quadrant 3: Total Exported Reactive Energy
•	40158	R	NV	ULong	VAR-hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Export_VARh_Q4	Quadrant 4: Total Exported Reactive Energy
•	40159	R	NV	ULong	VAR-hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Export_VARh_Q4	Quadrant 4: Total Exported Reactive Energy
•	40160	R	NV	ULong	VAR-hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Export_VARh_Q4	Quadrant 4: Total Exported Reactive Energy
•	40161	R	NV	ULong	VAR-hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Export_VARh_Q4	Quadrant 4: Total Exported Reactive Energy
•	40162	R	NV	ULong	VAR-hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Export_VARh_Q4	Quadrant 4: Total Exported Reactive Energy
•	40163	R	NV	ULong	VAR-hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Export_VARh_Q4	Quadrant 4: Total Exported Reactive Energy
•	40164	R	NV	ULong	VAR-hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Export_VARh_Q4	Quadrant 4: Total Exported Reactive Energy
•	40165	R	NV	ULong	VAR-hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Export_VARh_Q4	Quadrant 4: Total Exported Reactive Energy
•	40166	R	NV	ULong	VAR-hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Export_VARh_Q4	Quadrant 4: Total Exported Reactive Energy
•	40167	R	NV	ULong	VAR-hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Export_VARh_Q4	Quadrant 4: Total Exported Reactive Energy

SunSpec Register Blocks (cont.)

Series 4100	Register	R/W	NV	Format	Units	Scale	Range	SunSpec Name	Description																											
•	40168	R	NV	ULong	VAR-hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Export_VARh_Q4A	Phase A - Quadrant 4: Total Exported Reactive Energy																											
•	40169																																			
•	40170	R	NV	ULong	VAR-hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Export_VARh_Q4B	Phase B - Quadrant 4: Total Exported Reactive Energy																											
•	40171																																			
•	40172	R	NV	ULong	VAR-hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Export_VARh_Q4C	Phase C - Quadrant 4: Total Exported Reactive Energy																											
•	40173																																			
•	40174	R	NV	UInt	SF	1		M_Energy_VA_SF	Reactive Energy Scale Factor																											
Events																																				
•	40175							M_Events	Bit Map. See M_EVENT_flags. 0 = no event																											
•	40176	R	NV	ULong	Flags				<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Event</th> <th>Bit</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>M_EVENT_Power_Failure</td> <td>0x00000004</td> <td>Loss of power or phase</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_EVENT_Under_Voltage</td> <td>0x00000008</td> <td>Voltage below threshold (phase loss)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_EVENT_Low_PF</td> <td>0x00000010</td> <td>Power factor below threshold (can indicate misassociated voltage and current inputs in 3-phase systems)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_EVENT_Over_Current</td> <td>0x00000020</td> <td>Current input over threshold (out of measurement range)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_EVENT_Over_Voltage</td> <td>0x00000040</td> <td>Voltage input over threshold (out of measurement range)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_EVENT_Missing_Sensor</td> <td>0x00000080</td> <td>Sensor not connected (not supported)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_EVENT_Reserved1-8</td> <td>0x00000100 to 0x00008000</td> <td>Reserved for future SunSpec use</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_EVENT_OEM1-15</td> <td>0x7FFF000</td> <td>Reserved for OEMs (not used)</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Event	Bit	Description	M_EVENT_Power_Failure	0x00000004	Loss of power or phase	M_EVENT_Under_Voltage	0x00000008	Voltage below threshold (phase loss)	M_EVENT_Low_PF	0x00000010	Power factor below threshold (can indicate misassociated voltage and current inputs in 3-phase systems)	M_EVENT_Over_Current	0x00000020	Current input over threshold (out of measurement range)	M_EVENT_Over_Voltage	0x00000040	Voltage input over threshold (out of measurement range)	M_EVENT_Missing_Sensor	0x00000080	Sensor not connected (not supported)	M_EVENT_Reserved1-8	0x00000100 to 0x00008000	Reserved for future SunSpec use	M_EVENT_OEM1-15	0x7FFF000	Reserved for OEMs (not used)
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•	40178	R	NV	UInt			0x0000		C_SunSpec_Length = 0 Last block has no length																											

Troubleshooting

Problem	Cause	Solution
The maintenance wrench icon appears in the power meter display.	There is a problem with the inputs to the power meter.	See the Alert sub-menu or the Diagnostic Alert Modbus Register 146
The display is blank after applying control power to the meter.	The meter is not receiving adequate power.	Verify that the meter control power are receiving the required voltage. Verify that the heart icon is blinking. Check the fuse.
The data displayed is inaccurate.	Incorrect setup values	Verify the values entered for power meter setup parameters (CT and PT ratings, system type, etc.). See the Setup section.
	Incorrect voltage inputs	Check power meter voltage input terminals to verify adequate voltage.
	Power meter is wired improperly.	Check all CTs and PTs to verify correct connection to the same service, CT and PT polarity, and adequate powering. See the Wiring Diagrams section for more information.
Cannot communicate with power meter from a remote personal computer.	Power meter address is incorrect.	Verify that the meter is correctly addressed (see Setup section).
	Power meter baud rate is incorrect.	Verify that the baud rate of the meter matches that of all other devices on its communications link (see Setup section).
	Communications lines are improperly connected.	Verify the power meter communications connections (see the Communications section). Verify the terminating resistors are properly installed on both ends of a chain of units. Units in the middle of a chain should not have a terminator. Verify the shield ground is connected between all units.
Sign of one phase (real power) is incorrect	CT orientation reversed	Remove CT, reverse orientation, reconnect (qualified personnel only)

China RoHS Compliance Information (EFUP Table)

部件名称	产品中有毒有害物质或元素的名称及含量Substances					
	铅 (Pb)	汞 (Hg)	镉 (Cd)	六价铬 (Cr (VI))	多溴联苯 (PBB)	多溴二苯醚 (PBDE)
电子线路板	X	0	0	0	0	0
0 = 表示该有毒有害物质在该部件所有均质材料中的含量均在 SJ/T11363-2006 标准规定的限量要求以下。 X = 表示该有毒有害物质至少在该部件的某一均质材料中的含量超出SJ/T11363-2006标准规定的限量要求。						
Z000057-0A						